

Building Community Resiliency in Disadvantaged Communities

Commissioner Genevieve Shiroma

Community Energy Resilience Policy Summit August 5, 2020



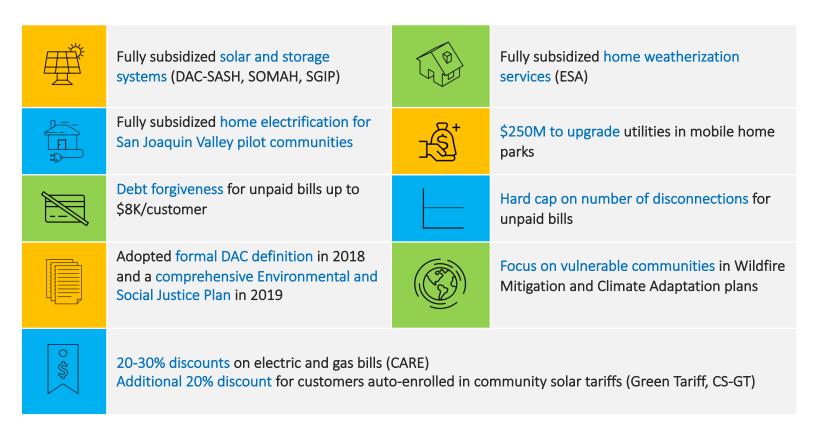
Agenda

- CPUC initiatives focused on low-income communities.
- Overview of microgrids proceeding and nexus with lowincome issues
- No-cost storage for low-income customers through the Self-Generation Incentive Program
- Resiliency in other utility services





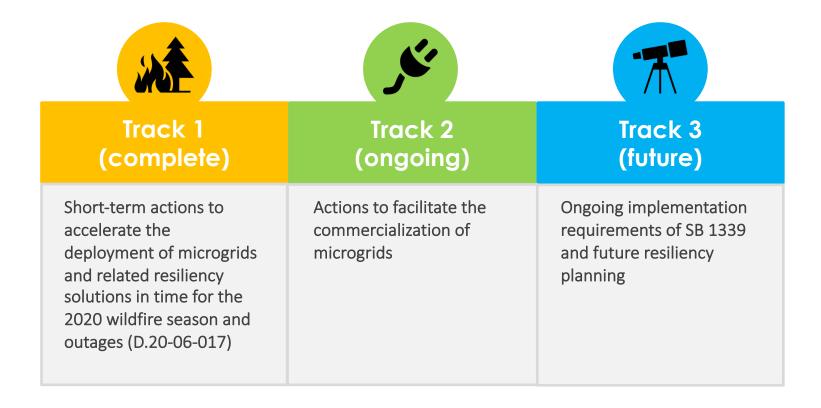
CPUC programs provide significant benefits to disadvantaged communities (DACs) and vulnerable customers







Microgrids Proceeding Framework







Track 2 Staff Proposal

Sets out the Commission's primary proposals for accelerating the long-term commercialization of microgrids, including:



Rule Revisions



Incentive Programs



Rate Development



Low-cost Isolation Methods

Concept Paper

Discusses conceptual background for staff proposal and future actions that can be taken to facilitate commercialization, including:



Resiliency Metrics



Data Access and Cybersecurity



EV Integration



Addressing Financial Barriers





Self-Generation Incentive Program (SGIP) Equity and Equity Resiliency Budgets

- SGIP provides incentives for customer-sited storage and non-solar generation resources through a surcharge on all customers' electric rates.
 See www.SelfGenCA.com to apply.
- The Commission recently approved two new program "budgets" that shift the program's focus to providing no-cost batteries to low-income and medically vulnerable customers:

Equity Budget

Low-income customers and the institutions that serve them

Equity Resiliency Budget

Customers in high fire threat areas who are either low-income, medically vulnerable, or dependent on electric well pumps, and the institutions that serve them





Comparing the Equity and Equity Resiliency Budgets

Equity	Equity Resiliency
\$83 million over five years	\$612 million over five years
\$0.85/Wh incentive	\$1/Wh incentive
Residential customers with income <80% AMI who live in deed-restricted or resale-restricted properties	Residential customers who reside in Tier 2 or 3 fire threat areas or have been affected by at least two PSPS events, and who are either low-income, medically vulnerable, or dependent on electric well pumps
Non-profits, small businesses, education institutions, and local/state agencies that serve DACs	Commercial and public facilities, like corner stores and police stations, that provide critical services to these communities





There has been significant interest in the Equity and Equity Resiliency Budgets since opening in the Spring

Equity	Equity Resiliency
Both the residential and non- residential budgets are fully subscribed for all Program Administrators except SoCalGas	As of July 22, there were applications pending for approximately \$212M of the \$612M total funds available through 2025
The non-residential budget has a waitlist of over \$300M	





Resiliency Across Different Utilities Example: Proposed Actions for Telecoms



Minimum 72-hour onsite backup power to support emergency communications and web-browsing



Share location of network facilities and routes to aid in planning, emergency operations, and restoration



Provide and share emergency operations plan

R-18-03-011





Thank You! Questions?

